# Row 13105

Visit Number: 37eb765665135aac7d3663d6e3e743765e0e34d07dbde5e43691567fe5549bcd

Masked\_PatientID: 13103

Order ID: a9fcaf979e80971f59fdefd08143b059b762d028fa9012460d346ae3b504b8fd

Order Name: CT Chest and Abdomen

Result Item Code: CTCHEABD

Performed Date Time: 17/2/2017 18:16

Line Num: 1

Text: HISTORY Worsening cholestatic picture of LFTs, gradually worsening RHC pain. Patient is post-RTA, worry for post-traumatic bile duct injury / segmental bile leak and collection Thorax component for known effusion on CXR and slight tachypnoea noted on examination despite maintaining saturations. TECHNIQUE Scans acquired as per department protocol. Intravenous contrast: Omnipaque 350 - Volume (ml): 80 FINDINGS Comparison is made with the previous scans performed on 14 February 2017, 11 February 2017. Abdomen. There is a large residual haematoma which appears hyperdense at the right lobe of the liver. Areas of hepatic low density are also present in keeping with sequelae from the hepatic laceration and contusion. There is no overt dilatation of the bile ducts and no extravasation of contrast is demonstrated. Tiny hyperdensity at segment II is presumed a granuloma. Subcapsular blood remains discernible with blood extension into the extracapsular region and at both para colic gutters. Fluid is seen in the gallbladder fossa. No dilatation of the bowel is demonstrated. The pancreas, spleen and the adrenals are unremarkable. Both kidneys are seen to enhance in a normal symmetrical manner. Thorax There is a large right pleural effusion resulting in compression atelectasis of the right lung particularly the right lower lobe which does not appear to be aerated. The left lower lobe shows areas of atelectasis. The mediastinal shift to the left is present. No mediastinal haematoma is demonstrated. The heart size is normal. CONCLUSION Hepatic laceration and haematoma has a similar appearance to the recent examination of 14 February 2017. There is increasing size of the right pleural effusion with resultant mediastinal shift and compression of the right lung particularly the right lower lobe. Further action or early intervention required Finalised by: <DOCTOR>

Accession Number: 9a7b7ced9a0a2928c4dec2418de59de996313d538d3c2a374057d67a61d281bf

Updated Date Time: 17/2/2017 19:00